

Concurrent FA Algorithms

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Sequential algorithm

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 $\delta, S, F := \emptyset, \{E\}, \emptyset;$   
 $D, T := \emptyset, S;$   
do ( $T \neq \emptyset$ )  $\rightarrow$   
  let  $q$  be some state such that  $q \in T;$   
   $D, T := D \cup \{q\}, T \setminus \{q\};$   
  { build out-transitions from  $q$  on all alphabet symbols }  
  for ( $i : \Sigma$ )  $\rightarrow$   
    { find derivative of  $q$  with respect to  $i$  }  
     $d := i^{-1}q;$   
    if  $d \notin (D \cup T) \rightarrow T := T \cup \{d\}$   
    ||  $d \in (D \cup T) \rightarrow$  skip  
    fi;  
    { make a transition from  $q$  to  $d$  on  $i$  }  
     $\delta(q, i) := d$   
  rof;  
  if  $\varepsilon \in \mathcal{L}(q) \rightarrow F := F \cup \{q\}$   
  ||  $\varepsilon \notin \mathcal{L}(q) \rightarrow$  skip  
  fi  
od;  
return ( $D, \Sigma, \delta, S, F$ )
```

Selected CSP notation

 $a \rightarrow P$ event a then process Q $a \rightarrow P \mid b \rightarrow Q$ a then P choice b then Q $x : A \rightarrow P(x)$ choice of x from set A then $P(x)$ $P \parallel Q$ P in parallel with Q $b!e$ Synchronize on common events in alphabets
on channel b output event e $b?x$ from channel b input to variable x $P \triangleleft C \triangleright Q$ if C then process P else process Q $P; Q$ process P followed by process Q $P \square Q$ process P choice process Q 

The BRZ process

$$BRZ(D, T) = OUTER(D, T) \parallel DERIVE \parallel UPDATE$$

- OUTER corresponds with outer loop.
- DERIVE caters for the computation of derivatives.
- UPDATE caters for the determination of which regular expressions should be used to update T and also for updating δ .

The OUTER process

- Some $q \in T$ is selected to build its outgoing transitions.
- Updating of set D , T , and F .

$OUTER(D, T) =$

$(q : T \rightarrow (EXTRACT(q) \parallel FINAL(q));$
 $OUTER(D \cup \{q\}, T \setminus \{q\}))$

□

$(insert? q \rightarrow OUTER(D, T \cup \{q\}))$

The EXTRACT and FINAL processes

- Broadcasts the selected q to the DERIVE processes.

$$EXTRACT(q) = \parallel_{i:\Sigma} EXTRACT_i(q) \quad \text{where}$$

$$EXTRACT_i(q) = (dln_i!q \rightarrow SKIP)$$

- Updates F , if needed.

$$FINAL(q) = F := F \cup \{q\} \triangleleft \varepsilon \in \mathcal{L}(q) \triangleright SKIP$$

The DERIVE process

- Finds the derivatives of a regular expression in parallel.

$$DERIVE = \parallel_{i:\Sigma} DERIVE_i \quad \text{where}$$

$$DERIVE_i = dIn_i?q \rightarrow dOut_i!(q, \frac{d}{di}q) \rightarrow DERIVE_i$$



The UPDATE process

- Receives derivatives and updates δ .
- Feeds back the derivative to OUTER.

$$UPDATE = \parallel_{i:\Sigma} UPDATE_i$$

$$UPDATE_i = (dOut_i?(q, d) \rightarrow (UPT_i(d) \parallel UPD_i(q, d))); UPDATE_i$$

$$UPT_i(d) = insert!d \rightarrow SKIP \not\leftarrow d \notin (D \cup T) \not\rightarrow SKIP$$

$$UPD_i(q, d) = \delta(q, i) := d$$



Minimisation

```
 $S, G, H := \emptyset, ((Q \setminus F) \times F) \cup (F \times (Q \setminus F)), \{(q, q) \mid q \in Q\};$   
{ invariant:  $G \subseteq \neg Equiv \wedge H \subseteq Equiv$  }  
do  $(G \cup H) \neq Q \times Q \rightarrow$   
  let  $p, q : (p, q) \in ((Q \times Q) \setminus (G \cup H));$   
  if  $equiv(p, q, (|Q| - 2) \mathbf{max} 0) \rightarrow$   
     $H := H \cup \{(p, q), (q, p)\};$   
     $H := H^+$   
  ||  $\neg equiv(p, q, (|Q| - 2) \mathbf{max} 0) \rightarrow$   
     $G := G \cup \{(p, q), (q, p)\}$   
  fi  
od; {  $H = Equiv$  }  
merge states according to  $H$   
{  $(Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$  is minimal }
```

Minimisation

```
func equiv( $p, q, k$ )  $\rightarrow$   
  if  $k = 0 \rightarrow eq := (p \in F \equiv q \in F)$   
  ||  $k \neq 0 \wedge \{p, q\} \in S \rightarrow eq := true$   
  ||  $k \neq 0 \wedge \{p, q\} \notin S \rightarrow$   
     $eq := (p \in F \equiv q \in F) \wedge (\Sigma_p = \Sigma_q);$   
     $S := S \cup \{\{p, q\}\};$   
  for  $a : a \in \Sigma_p \cap \Sigma_q \rightarrow$   
     $eq := eq \wedge equiv(\delta(p, a), \delta(q, a), k - 1)$   
  rof;  
   $S := S \setminus \{\{p, q\}\}$   
fi;  
return  $eq$   
cnuf
```



Specification

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Equiv}_{pq}(S, k) = & \\ & \text{if } (p = q) \text{ then } \text{main}_{pq}! \text{true} \rightarrow \text{SKIP} \\ & \text{else if } (k = 0) \text{ then } \text{main}_{pq}!(p \in F \equiv q \in F) \rightarrow \text{SKIP} \\ & \text{else } (\text{EqSet} := \emptyset \\ & \quad ; \text{FanOut}_{pq}(S, k) \\ & \quad ; (\text{eq} := \bigwedge_{e \in \text{EqSet}} e) \\ & \quad ; (\text{main}_{pq}! \text{eq} \rightarrow \text{SKIP})) \end{aligned}$$

Specification

$$\begin{aligned} FanOut_{pq}(S, k) = & \parallel_{a \in \Sigma_{pq}} \\ & (\text{if } (\{\delta(p, a), \delta(q, a)\} \notin S) \text{ then} \\ & \quad (Equiv_{\delta(p, a), \delta(q, a)}(S \cup \{(p, q)\}, k - 1) \Delta \\ & \quad (subs_{\delta(p, a), \delta(q, a)}?eq_a \rightarrow (EqSet := EqSet \cup \{eq_a\} \\ & \quad \text{else } (EqSet := EqSet \cup \{true\}))) \end{aligned}$$



Conclusion

- Presented an abstract concurrent specification.
- Attempted to allow for as much concurrency as possible.

- Next steps
 - Implement schemes.
 - Other FA algorithms.

